# **SOP: Quality Control Inspection Before Packaging**

This SOP details the **quality control inspection before packaging** process, including criteria for product evaluation, defect identification, compliance verification with quality standards, documentation of inspection results, corrective action procedures for non-conforming products, and final approval protocols. The goal is to ensure that only products meeting established quality requirements proceed to packaging, maintaining high customer satisfaction and reducing returns or complaints.

## 1. Purpose

To outline the quality control procedures to be performed before packaging products, ensuring only conforming products advance to packaging and shipment.

## 2. Scope

This procedure applies to all finished products ready for packaging at [Company Name].

## 3. Responsibilities

- Quality Control (QC) Inspectors: Perform product inspection, document results, and flag defects.
- Production Supervisor: Review inspection results and oversee corrective actions.
- Quality Manager: Approve final disposition of inspected lots.

## 4. Inspection Criteria

- 1. Confirm product meets established specifications and drawings.
- 2. Check physical attributes: size, color, shape, labeling, and packaging materials (if any pre-applied).
- 3. Verify functional tests (if relevant to the product).
- 4. Assess cleanliness and absence of contamination.

#### 5. Defect Identification & Classification

- Visual examination for scratches, cracks, deformation, discoloration, or missing parts.
- Use of checklists to record observed defects.
- Classification of defects as Critical, Major, or Minor.
- Tagging or segregation of non-conforming products for corrective action.

## 6. Compliance Verification

- Cross-check products against quality standards, regulatory requirements, and customer specifications.
- · Document any deviations found during inspection.

#### 7. Documentation & Records

- Complete inspection checklist and QC report for each lot inspected.
- Record findings, lot numbers, inspection dates, inspector signature, and disposition status.
- · Store records in the designated QC filing system for traceability.

## 8. Corrective Action for Non-Conforming Products

- 1. Segregate and identify non-conforming products using a Non-Conformance Tag.
- 2. Notify Production Supervisor and Quality Manager.
- 3. Initiate a formal Non-Conformance Report (NCR).
- 4. Define, document, and execute corrective actions (rework, scrap, or return to supplier).
- 5. Re-inspect corrected products before approval for packaging.

# 9. Final Approval Protocol

- Quality Manager reviews completed inspection documentation and NCRs, if any.
- Approve conforming lots for release to packaging.
- Sign and date release form allowing packaging to proceed.

# 10. References

- Quality Manual
- Product Specifications
- Inspection Checklist (Appendix 1)
- Non-Conformance Report Form

# 11. Revision History

Version	Date	Description	Author
1.0	[YYYY-MM-DD]	Initial Release	[Name]