# **Standard Operating Procedure (SOP)**

## Financial Management, Budgeting, and Expense Tracking

This SOP details **financial management, budgeting, and expense tracking** processes, including setting financial goals, creating and maintaining budgets, monitoring income and expenditures, managing cash flow, implementing cost control measures, and ensuring accurate record-keeping. The procedure aims to promote fiscal responsibility, optimize resource allocation, and support informed decision-making for sustained financial health.

## 1. Purpose

To provide a standardized methodology for financial management, budgeting, and expense tracking to ensure accurate reporting, effective resource utilization, and organizational financial sustainability.

## 2. Scope

This SOP applies to all departments and staff involved in financial planning, budgeting, expenditure, and monitoring activities.

## 3. Roles and Responsibilities

Role	Responsibilities
Finance Manager	Oversees financial planning, approves budgets, reviews financial reports, and ensures compliance.
Department Heads	Prepare departmental budgets, monitor departmental expenses, and report variances.
Accountant	Maintains accounting records, tracks expenditures, and prepares regular financial statements.
All Employees	Adhere to organizational spending policies and submit expense reports as required.

#### 4. Procedure

## 1. Setting Financial Goals

- Review organizational objectives to determine financial targets (annual, quarterly, and monthly).
- Document measurable goals (e.g., revenue targets, savings, or profitability ratios).

## 2. Budget Creation and Maintenance

- Each department prepares a budget proposal for the upcoming period (year/quarter/month).
- Compile proposals and review for alignment with organizational goals.
- Finance Manager consolidates and finalizes the budget, seeking approval from top management.
- o Disseminate approved budgets to all relevant stakeholders.

#### 3. Expense Tracking and Monitoring

- Record all income and expenses in the financial system in a timely manner.
- Assign correct account codes to all expenditures and receipts.
- Reconcile actual spending against budget periodically (monthly/quarterly).

## 4. Cash Flow Management

- o Prepare cash flow projections to ensure liquidity.
- Regularly monitor incoming and outgoing payments to maintain healthy cash balances.
- · Address any discrepancies or shortfalls immediately.

#### 5. Cost Control Measures

- Periodically review spending to identify cost-saving opportunities.
- Authorize only essential expenditures and seek competitive quotes for major purchases.
- o Implement corrective actions for overspending or budget variances.

#### 6. Record-Keeping and Reporting

- Maintain accurate and up-to-date financial records (invoices, receipts, statements).
- Prepare and distribute periodic financial reports to stakeholders.
- Retain financial documents according to organizational policy and compliance requirements.

## 5. Documentation

- Annual/Quarterly Budget Plans
- Financial Statements (Income Statement, Balance Sheet, Cash Flow Statement)
- Expense Reports and Receipts
- Variance Analysis Reports
- Audit Logs

## 6. Review and Continuous Improvement

- 1. Finance Manager conducts periodic reviews to assess the effectiveness of financial management practices.
- 2. Identify and implement improvements based on discrepancies, feedback, and audit findings.
- 3. Update SOP as required to reflect best practices and regulatory changes.

#### 7. References

- Organizational Financial Policy Manual
- Applicable Accounting Standards
- Relevant Regulatory and Compliance Requirements