# SOP Template Criteria for Acceptable Calibration Results and Action for Out-of-Tolerance Equipment

This SOP defines the **criteria for acceptable calibration results** and outlines the necessary actions to take when equipment falls out-of-tolerance. It establishes clear acceptance limits for calibration accuracy to ensure reliable and precise measurements. Procedures include identification of out-of-tolerance conditions, documentation requirements, equipment quarantine protocols, corrective measures, and re-calibration processes. The goal is to maintain optimal equipment performance, compliance with quality standards, and overall operational integrity through proactive monitoring and timely interventions.

## 1. Purpose

To define the acceptance criteria for calibration results and formalize response actions for out-of-tolerance equipment to ensure measurement reliability and quality compliance.

#### 2. Scope

This SOP applies to all measurement and test equipment requiring calibration in the facility.

#### 3. Definitions

- Calibration: Comparison of measurement instrument readings to a known standard to determine accuracy.
- Acceptance Criteria: Tolerance limits within which equipment measurement results are considered valid.
- Out-of-Tolerance (OOT): Equipment readings that fall outside the specified acceptance criteria.
- Quarantine: Temporary removal of equipment from service pending resolution of calibration issues.

## 4. Criteria for Acceptable Calibration Results

Calibration results shall be deemed acceptable if:

- All measured values fall within the manufacturer's or regulatory specified tolerance limits.
- No drift or error greater than the Maximum Permissible Error (MPE) or % of reading as defined in the calibration standard.
- No signs of damage or abnormal instrument behavior are observed during calibration and functional checks.

Parameter	Acceptance Limit	
Instrument Reading	Within ± X% of reference standard	
Repeatability	< Y units standard deviation	
Drift	< Z units/year (as specified)	
Other Criteria	Refer to equipment-specific calibration documentation	

# 5. Actions for Out-of-Tolerance Equipment

**Note:** All findings and actions must be clearly documented using the designated calibration record forms.

- 1. **Identification:** Mark equipment as †Out-of-Tolerance' and remove from operational use immediately.
- 2. Quarantine: Transfer equipment to a designated quarantine area to prevent usage.
- 3. Notification: Report OOT results to the responsible supervisor and quality management promptly.
- 4. Root Cause Investigation: Initiate investigation to determine the cause of failure.
- 5. Impact Assessment:
  - Review records to identify processes/products affected by the equipment since last calibration.
  - Notify affected departments and initiate additional checks if required.
- 6. Corrective Action: Repair, adjust, or recalibrate equipment as necessary.
- 7. Recalibration: Perform and document recalibration before returning equipment to service.
- 8. **Documentation:** Complete all calibration records including OOT findings, actions, and approvals.

## 6. Documentation Requirements

- · Calibration certificates for all equipment.
- · OOT incident reports and root cause analysis forms.
- Corrective and preventive action (CAPA) documentation.
- · Equipment quarantine log.

### 7. Responsibilities

- Calibration Technician: Perform calibrations, document results, and initiate OOT actions.
- Quality Assurance: Review calibration records, oversee OOT investigations, and approve returned equipment.
- Equipment Owners: Ensure all equipment is calibrated as required before use.

#### 8. References

- · Manufacturer calibration procedures and limits
- ISO/IEC 17025 Calibration Requirements
- Internal Quality Management Procedures

## 9. Revision History

Version	Date	Description of Change	Approved By
1.0	2024-06-01	Initial release	QA Manager