# **Standard Operating Procedure (SOP)**

# **Root Cause Analysis and Corrective Action Workflow**

This SOP details the **root cause analysis and corrective action workflow**, covering the systematic process for identifying underlying issues, analyzing contributing factors, implementing corrective measures, and monitoring their effectiveness. The procedure aims to enhance problem-solving accuracy, prevent recurrence of issues, and improve overall organizational performance through structured investigation and timely corrective action.

# 1. Purpose

To establish a standardized process for effective root cause analysis (RCA) and implementation of corrective actions, ensuring continuous improvement and prevention of issue recurrence.

# 2. Scope

This SOP applies to all departments/employees engaged in reporting, investigating, and resolving organizational issues, non-conformances, incidents, or process failures.

## 3. Definitions

- Root Cause Analysis (RCA): A systematic approach to identify the fundamental cause(s) of a problem.
- Corrective Action: Measures taken to eliminate the root cause of a detected issue or nonconformity.
- Non-conformance: Any deviation from a set standard, procedure, or expectation.
- CAPA: Corrective and Preventive Action.

### 4. Responsibilities

- Process Owner: Oversees the RCA and corrective action process.
- Investigation Team: Conducts the root cause analysis; documents findings.
- Quality/Compliance: Reviews, approves, and monitors corrective actions.
- All Employees: Report issues and support investigations as required.

#### 5. Procedure

#### 1. Issue Identification & Reporting

- o Detect and document the issue or non-conformance.
- Report through established channels (e.g., incident report form, ticketing system).

#### 2. Containment Actions

 $\circ \hspace{0.1in}$  Implement temporary measures to mitigate immediate impact.

#### 3. Root Cause Analysis (RCA)

- o Assemble a qualified investigation team.
- o Collect relevant data and evidence.
- Use appropriate RCA tools (e.g., 5 Whys, Fishbone Diagram, Fault Tree Analysis).
- Document all findings and identified root causes.

#### 4. Develop Corrective Action Plan

- Propose actions to address and eliminate root cause(s).
- Assign responsibilities and deadlines for corrective actions.

## 5. Implementation of Corrective Actions

- Execute approved corrective actions as per the plan.
- o Document actions taken, including dates, persons responsible, and outcomes.

#### 6. Verification of Effectiveness

- Monitor outcomes to ensure that corrective actions are effective and sustainable.
- Reassess the area or process affected; if unsuccessful, repeat the RCA process.

#### 7. Documentation and Closure

- o Complete all documentation (investigation report, action logs, verification results).
- o Obtain approvals for closure from relevant authorities (Quality, Management).

# 6. Documentation

Document	Description	Retention
Issue/Incident Report	Initial issue reporting form	5 years
Root Cause Analysis Report	Details investigation methods, findings, and root causes	5 years
Corrective Action Plan	Actions, responsibilities, timelines	5 years
Verification Records	Evidence of corrective action effectiveness	5 years

# 7. Review and Continuous Improvement

- Review SOP annually or post-major incident to ensure continued relevance.
- Update procedures based on feedback and improvement opportunities.

## 8. References

- ISO 9001: Quality Management Systems
- Internal CAPA Policy
- Incident Management Guidelines

# 9. Revision History

Version	Date	Description	Author
1.0	2024-06-07	Initial release	SOP Al Generator