Standard Operating Procedure (SOP)

Patient and Caregiver Discharge Education and Counseling

This SOP defines the process of **patient and caregiver discharge education and counseling**, ensuring that patients and their caregivers receive comprehensive instructions regarding post-discharge care, medication management, follow-up appointments, lifestyle modifications, and warning signs for complications. The goal is to improve patient outcomes, enhance understanding of discharge plans, and support a smooth transition from hospital to home care.

1. Purpose

To establish a standardized process for educating and counseling patients and caregivers at discharge to optimize health outcomes and continuity of care.

2. Scope

This SOP applies to all clinical staff responsible for discharging patients from the hospital, including physicians, nurses, pharmacists, and allied health professionals.

3. Responsibilities

- Physicians: Confirm readiness for discharge; review discharge summary with patient/caregiver.
- Nurses: Provide verbal and written discharge instructions; ensure understanding; document education provided.
- Pharmacists: Review medications; counsel on administration, side effects, and interactions.
- Other Allied Health Professionals: Provide education on therapies and device use as applicable.

4. Procedure

1. Assess Patient and Caregiver Readiness:

- Determine patient's and caregiver's ability to understand instructions.
- Identify language, literacy, or cognitive barriers; arrange interpreter services if needed.

2. Initiate Discharge Counseling:

- o Review the clinical summary of hospital stay.
- Explain diagnosis, treatment provided, and prognosis in simple terms.

3. Provide Discharge Education on Key Topics:

- Post-Discharge Care: Wound care, activity restrictions, dietary guidelines, equipment use, etc.
- Medication Management: List all medications; explain dosage, timing, purpose, side effects, adherence importance, and interactions.
- · Follow-up Appointments: Provide information on date/time, location, provider, and purpose of visits.
- · Lifestyle Modifications: Explain necessary changes (e.g., smoking cessation, exercise, diet).
- Warning Signs for Complications: Clearly explain symptoms/signs that warrant immediate medical attention (e.g., fever, chest pain, shortness of breath).

4. Verify Understanding:

Ask the patient/caregiver to repeat key instructions ("teach-back" method) and clarify any misunderstandings.

5. Provide Written Materials:

Give comprehensive, easy-to-read discharge instructions and medication lists; supply contact information for questions and emergencies.

6. Document Education and Counseling:

Note topics reviewed, materials provided, patient/caregiver understanding, and any follow-up actions in the patient medical record.

7. Arrange Post-Discharge Support:

Coordinate home health or community services if necessary; schedule follow-up appointments/referrals.

5. Documentation

- All education and counseling interactions must be documented in the patient's medical record, including assessment of understanding and written materials provided.
- Use the discharge checklist to ensure completeness.

6. Related Documents/References

- Discharge Planning Policy
- Patient Education Booklets
- Medication Reconciliation SOP

7. Review and Revision

This SOP will be reviewed annually and updated as necessary to reflect best practices and regulatory requirements.

Prepared by	Date	Review Date	Version
			1.0