SOP: Emergency Repair and Escalation Procedures

This SOP details the **emergency repair and escalation procedures**, covering immediate response actions, identification and assessment of critical failures, repair prioritization, communication protocols, escalation hierarchy, documentation requirements, and post-repair review processes. The objective is to ensure timely and effective resolution of emergencies, minimizing downtime and maintaining operational safety and continuity.

1. Immediate Response Actions

- 1. Ensure personal and site safety; follow all emergency shut-down protocols as necessary.
- 2. Alert on-site personnel and supervisors of the situation.
- 3. Isolate affected equipment/area if possible, to prevent further damage or hazards.

2. Identification and Assessment of Critical Failures

- 1. Assess the nature and extent of the failure.
- 2. Determine if the failure impacts safety, compliance, production, or critical infrastructure.
- 3. Document initial observations, including time, location, and personnel involved.

3. Repair Prioritization

- 1. Classify the incident by severity:
 - o Critical Immediate threat to safety/operations.
 - · High Significant impact but not immediately dangerous.
 - · Medium/Low Minor impact, can be scheduled.
- 2. Deploy repair teams according to the priority.
- 3. Obtain necessary resources, parts, and authorization for repair works.

4. Communication Protocols

- 1. Notify stakeholders based on severity:
 - Operations Manager
 - Maintenance Lead
 - Health & Safety Officer (if applicable)
- 2. Provide regular updates on repair status and estimated resolution timeframes.
- 3. Escalate promptly if additional support or resources are required.

5. Escalation Hierarchy

Level	Role	Responsibility
1	On-site Technician	Initiate response and conduct assessment; report to supervisor.
2	Maintenance Supervisor	Coordinate repair team; notify relevant managers.
3	Operations Manager	Authorize additional resources; communicate with executive team if required.
4	Executive Team	Oversee major incident management; approve extraordinary actions.

6. Documentation Requirements

- 1. Complete incident report forms capturing:
 - Incident date/time
 - o Description of failure
 - · Actions taken
 - Persons involved
 - Photographs/evidence where possible
- 2. Update maintenance logs and asset management systems.
- 3. Record all communication and escalation steps taken.

7. Post-Repair Review Process

- 1. Conduct a debrief with involved staff to review incident response and repair actions.
- 2. Identify root cause(s) and update risk assessments as necessary.
- 3. Develop and implement corrective/preventive actions.
- 4. Document lessons learned and share with relevant departments.

8. Appendix

- Emergency contact list
- Incident report template
- Flowchart: Escalation hierarchy